External assessment 2023

#### Multiple choice question book

# Chemistry

Paper 1

#### **General instruction**

• Work in this book will not be marked.





**QCAA** Queensland Curriculum & Assessment Authority

# Section 1

## Instruction

• Respond to these questions in the question and response book.

## **Question 1**

In a chemical equation at equilibrium, a reversible arrow ( $\rightleftharpoons$ ) symbolises that

- (A) the forward reaction has stopped but can be reversed.
- (B) the moles of reactants and products present are equal.
- (C) half of the reactants have been converted into products.
- (D) the concentration of reactants and products remains constant.

## **Question 2**

Determine which expression represents the hydrogen ion  $(H^+)$  concentration at a pH of 8.4.

(A) 
$$1 \times 10^{-8.4}$$

(B) 
$$1 \times 10^{-5.6}$$

- (C)  $1 \times 10^{-0.9}$
- (D)  $1 \times 10^{-0.8}$

Two 0.1 M acidic solutions, X and Y, are 100% dissociated. Solution X has an electrical conductivity approximately twice that of solution Y. Identify solutions X and Y.

	Solution X	Solution Y
(A)	HCI	CH <sub>3</sub> COOH
(B)	HNO <sub>3</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
(C)	H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	HNO <sub>3</sub>
(D)	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	HCI

#### **Questions 4–5**

Questions 4–5 refer to the decomposition of hydrogen iodide gas (HI) to produce hydrogen gas  $(H_2)$  and iodine gas  $(I_2)$  in a sealed 1-litre container.

2HI(g)  $\rightleftharpoons$  H<sub>2</sub>(g) + I<sub>2</sub>(g)  $\Delta H = +53.6 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ Colourless Colourless Purple

## **Question 4**

Identify which change would shift the system from light purple to dark purple.

- (A) adding HI(g)
- (B) adding a catalyst
- (C) decreasing the temperature
- (D) increasing the concentration of  $H_2(g)$

Determine the equilibrium expression ( $K_c$ ) for the reaction.

(A) 
$$K_{c} = \frac{[H_{2}][I_{2}]}{2[HI]}$$
  
(B)  $K_{c} = \frac{[H_{2}][I_{2}]}{[HI]^{2}}$   
(C)  $K_{c} = \frac{2[H]2[I]}{2[HI]}$   
(D)  $K_{c} = \frac{2[H]2[I]}{[HI]^{2}}$ 

Identify the reactants that undergo a condensation reaction to produce the molecule shown.

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{O} \\ \mathbb{H}_3\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_2-\mathsf{C}\mathsf{H}_3\\ \mathbb{H} \end{array}$$

- (A) 1-butanol and propanamine
- (B) 1-propanol and butanamine
- (C) butanoic acid and propanamine
- (D) propanoic acid and butanamine

## **Question 7**

Determine which half-cell produces the largest potential difference when joined with a  $Zn(s) | Zn^{2+}(aq)$  half-cell to form a galvanic cell.

- (A)  $Mg(s) | Mg^{2+}(aq)$
- (B) Cu<sup>2+</sup>(aq) | Cu(s)
- (C)  $H^+(aq) | H_2(g)$
- (D)  $F_2(g) | F^-(aq)$

Identify the species being reduced in the equation.

```
Br_2(I) + Sn^{2+}(aq) \rightarrow Sn^{4+}(aq) + 2Br^{-}(aq)

(A) Br_2(I)

(B) Br^{-}(aq)

(C) Sn^{2+}(aq)
```

(D) Sn<sup>4+</sup>(aq)

#### **Questions 9–10**

Questions 9–10 refer to the titration curve shown, which is produced when 60.00 mL of an unknown monoprotic acid solution is titrated with 0.10 M NaOH(aq).



Compared to 0.10 M NaOH, the unknown monoprotic acid is more

- (A) dilute and weak.
- (B) dilute and strong.
- (C) concentrated and weak.
- (D) concentrated and strong.

## **Question 10**

Determine the concentration of the unknown acid.

- (A) 0.05 M
- (B) 0.10 M
- (C) 0.20 M
- (D) 0.30 M

The plating of silver is conducted during the operation of the electrochemical cell shown.



Determine which statement is true for this electrochemical cell.

- (A) The spoon acts as the cathode.
- (B) The silver electrode has a negative charge.
- (C) The silver ions in the solution are oxidised at the spoon.
- (D) The electrons flow from the spoon to the silver electrode.

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#### **Question 12**

Enzymes are classified as

- (A) carbohydrates.
- (B) proteins.
- (C) starches.
- (D) lipids.

## **Question 13**

Identify the reaction used to produce methanol and triglycerides.

- (A) oxidation
- (B) substitution
- (C) saponification
- (D) transesterification

#### **Question 14**

Identify which molecule has the lowest boiling point.

- (A) butanone
- (B) hexanone
- (C) pentanone
- (D) propanone

Predict how a buffer solution, consisting of carbonic acid  $(H_2CO_3)$  and hydrogen carbonate ions  $(HCO_3^-)$ , would react to resist a change in pH when a small amount of hydrochloric acid is added.

 $H_2CO_3(aq) \rightleftharpoons HCO_3^{-}(aq) + H^+(aq) \rightleftharpoons CO_3^{2-}(aq) + 2H^+(aq)$ 

- (A) Equilibrium shifts to the right and the  $[H^+](aq)$  increases.
- (B) Equilibrium shifts to the left and the [CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>](aq) increases.
- (C) Equilibrium shifts to the left and the [H<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>](aq) increases.
- (D) Equilibrium shifts to the right and the [HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>](aq) increases.

## **Question 16**

Haloalkanes undergo a substitution reaction with cyanide  $(CN^{-})$  in ethanol to produce

- (A) alkanes.
- (B) amines.
- (C) nitriles.
- (D) esters.

#### **Questions 17–18**

Questions 17–18 refer to the reaction shown.

 $\begin{array}{c} O \\ \parallel \\ R-C-O-H \\ Carboxylic acid \\ \end{array} + H-O-R \xrightarrow{H^+} \left[ \begin{array}{c} Product X \\ H^+ \\ \end{array} \right] + H-O-H \\ \end{array} \\ Water \\ \end{array}$ 

#### **Question 17**

Determine the functional group present in Product X.

- (A) ester
- (B) ketone
- (C) alcohol
- (D) aldehyde

## **Question 18**

Identify the reaction used to produce X.

- (A) addition
- (B) hydration
- (C) condensation
- (D) hydrogenation

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## **Question 19**

Identify the polymer shown.



- (A) polyethene
- (B) polypeptide
- (C) polypropene
- (D) polysaccharide

The structural formula for a polypeptide is shown.



Identify the three amino acids present from left to right.

- (A) Arg, Cys, Met
- (B) Asp, Cys, Ala
- (C) Glu, Cys, Asp
- (D) Ile, Cys, Gly

# References

#### **Question 11**

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