Wellbeing: Learning and development area

Revision summary: QKLG 2018 to QKLG 2024

Key	same/refined	merged	new	(KF) Key focus	(SL) Significa	ant learning	
Note: the	key applies to t	the description, k	ey focuses and	l significant learnin	gs.		
QKLG 20)18				QKLG 2024		
Descript	ion				Description		
Important aspects of wellbeing include children's physical and mental health, personal safety and successful social functioning. Wellbeing is linked with resilience, providing children with the ability to manage change and respond to challenges. A strong sense of wellbeing requires positive, supportive and trusting relationships, which build children's confidence and optimism. Learning about healthy lifestyles, the importance of nutritional food, rest, physical activity (including fine and gross motor skills) and personal hygiene, and developing an awareness of safety are essential for enhancing children's sense of wellbeing.					Important aspects of wellbeing include children's physical and mental health, personal safety, and social and executive functions. Emotional awareness and regulation, persistence and adaptability are essential components of executive function, fostering resilience and overall wellbeing by enabling children to persevere through challenges and adjust to changes in their environment. Children develop a strong foundation of wellbeing and resilience through establishing safe and respectful relationships and strategies that build their confidence, optimism, growth mindset and positive dispositions for learning. Strategies are tailored for each child and can include the sensitive implementation of trauma-aware practices to support children whose wellbeing may be affected by trauma, adversity or other challenges. These relationships and strategies provide children with opportunities to develop the skills and knowledge to be emotionally aware, adapt to change, work toward goals and persevere through challenges and setbacks. Children's sense of wellbeing is also enhanced by learning about healthy lifestyles, the importance of nutritional food, rest, personal hygiene, safety awareness and physical activity. Physical activity involves developing fine and gross motor skills that support children to move with stability, control and awareness of their environment and to manage the control of objects. (From (KF) Exploring ways to promote physical wellbeing) Kindergarten children who are developing a strong sense of wellbeing are: • building increasing autonomy and resilience • engaging with ways to be healthy and safe • building physical wellbeing. Critically reflecting on Wellbeing, teachers and educators may consider: • how children's agency and voice in health, hygiene and safety are promoted • how they sensitively respond to children's emotions and promote strategies and skills for regulation that suit the individual • ways to support children's enjoyment of physical activity and build		
					foundations for physical coordination and control in a range of contexts.		
Key focu	 knowled 	t learning dge, skills and disp ificant learnings	ositions		Key focus	Significant learnings	
Building a sense of autonomy	a Developing	Developing self-regulation - to (SL) develops strategies to regulate emotions • expressing feelings • regulating emotions Developing resilience - to (KF) Building increasing autonomy and resilience • managing change			Building increasing autonomy and resilience		
	express					recognises and expresses feelings	
	 regulati 					 develops strategies to regulate emotions 	
	 managi 					 develops strategies to respond to change 	
	– to Iden	ling to challenges tity: Learning and o ndence and persev		a, (KF) Acting with			
Exploring ways to be healthy and safe	e – to (SL)	thy recognises ways r ion contribute to be		l activity, rest and	Engaging with ways to be healthy	 recognises ways nutrition, physical activity, rest and relaxation contribute to being healthy 	
	 underst 	 understanding ways to be healthy managing self-care Staying safe to (SL) develops awareness of safe and unsafe risks to make safe choices 			and safe		
	• managi					manages self-care	
	- to (SL)					 develops awareness of safe and unsafe risks to make safe choices 	
	- to (SL)	 developing awareness of safety rules and routines to (SL) develops awareness of safe and unsafe risks to make safe choices 					
	 building 	building awareness of safe and unsafe risks					
						 develops awareness of body autonomy and personal space 	



For all Queensland schools

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QKLG 2018		QKLG 2024		
Exploring ways to promote physical wellbeing	Developing control and strength - to Description • developing gross motor skills • developing fine motor skills • developing spatial awareness Developing awareness of the senses - to (SL) uses senses for discovery • using senses for discovery	Building physical wellbeing	 develops gross motor skills uses develops fine motor skills develops spatial awareness uses senses for discovery 	

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